# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(X) QUARTERLY REP	ORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURI	ΓΙΕS EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly per	iod ended March 31, 2010	
or		
( ) TRANSITION REPO	ORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURIT	TIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition per	iod from to	
Commission file nun	aber 0-27639	
	WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, IN (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its char	
Delaware		04-2693383
(State or other jurisdiction o		(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization	.)	Identification No.
	1241 East Main Street Stamford, CT 06902 (203) 352-8600	
	(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including of Registrant's principal executive offices)	ing area code,
	her the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Se 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was require the past 90 days.	
YesX No		
	her the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corl posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S during the precedir omit and post such files).	
Yes No		
	ether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated file "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting	
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer ⊠
Non-accelerated filer □	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company $\square$
Indicate by check mark whet	her the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of t	he Exchange Act).
Yes NoX_		
	of shares outstanding of the Registrant's Class A common stock, gof the Registrant's Class B common stock, par value \$.01 per shares	

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# World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. Consolidated Income Statements (In thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

		Three Mont		
	M	arch 31,	M	Iarch 31,
		2010		2009
Net revenues	\$	138,725	\$	107,825
Cost of revenues		73,685		56,437
Selling, general and administrative expenses		25,879		30,857
Depreciation and amortization	_	1,839		3,783
Operating income		37,322		16,748
Investment income, net		483		616
Interest expense		(71)		(91)
Other expense, net		(1,042)		(1,325)
Income before income taxes		36,692		15,948
Provision for income taxes		11,955		5,626
Net income	\$	24,737	\$	10,322
Earnings per share				
Basic				
Class A	\$	0.42	\$	-
Class B	\$	0.29	\$	-
Total	\$	0.33	\$	0.14
Diluted				
Class A	\$	0.41	\$	-
Class B	\$	0.29	\$	-
Total	\$	0.33	\$	0.14
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
Basic				
Class A		26,517		25,762
Class B		47,714		47,714
Diluted		27.525		26105
Class A		27,505		26,185
Class B		47,714		47,714

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheet (dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	M	As of March 31, 2010		March 31, Dece		As of December 31, 2009	
ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS:							
Cash and equivalents	\$	136,347	\$	149,784			
Short-term investments		90,112		58,440			
Accounts receivable, net		65,538		62,732			
Inventory, net		1,921		2,182			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		24,667		21,721			
Total current assets		318,585		294,859			
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		81,217		84,376			
FEATURE FILM PRODUCTION ASSETS		43,152		37,053			
INVESTMENT SECURITIES		22,280		22,370			
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET		273		276			
OTHER ASSETS	_	1,640		1,687			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	467,147	\$	440,621			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY							
CURRENT LIABILITIES:							
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	1,103	\$	1,082			
Accounts payable		23,458		21,281			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		45,403		35,164			
Deferred income		25,609		14,603			
Total current liabilities		95,573		72,130			
LONG-TERM DEBT		2,506		2,790			
NON-CURRENT INCOME TAX LIABILITIES		13,712		17,152			
NON-CURRENT DEFERRED INCOME		11,116		11,528			
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES							
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:							
Class A common stock		258		257			
Class B common stock		477		477			
Additional paid-in capital		329,773		326,008			
Accumulated other comprehensive income		2,266		2,377			
Retained earnings		11,466		7,902			
Total stockholders' equity		344,240		337,021			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	467,147	\$	440,621			

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Mor	iths Ended
	March 31,	March 31,
	2010	2009
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 24,737	\$ 10,322
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Amortization of feature film production assets	1,340	1,574
Revaluation of warrants	(96)	858
Depreciation and amortization	1,839	3,783
Realized gain on sale of investments	(52)	-
Amortization of investment income	366	288
Stock compensation costs	2,347	1,132
(Recovery) provision for doubtful accounts	(1,488)	477
Provision for inventory obsolescence	974	393
Benefit from deferred income taxes	(3,694)	(484)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment arrangements	(157)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(428)	6,372
Inventory	(713)	522
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(2,850)	4,023
Feature film production assets	(7,597)	(223)
Accounts payable	2,177	2,371
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	10,744	13,824
Deferred income	10,594	2,086
Net cash provided by operating activities	38,043	47,318
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property and equipment and other assets	(2,807)	(1,484)
Proceeds from infrastructure incentives	3,240	-
Purchase of short-term investments	(34,566)	(10,168)
Proceeds from sales or maturities of short-term investments	2,479	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(31,654)	(11,652)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repayments of long-term debt	(263)	(245)
Dividends paid	(20,707)	(20,454)
Issuance of stock, net	434	429
Net proceeds from exercise of stock options	553	-
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment arrangements	157	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(19,826)	(20,270)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	(13,437)	15,396
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	149,784	119,655
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 136,347	\$ 135,051
one in the Experimental Control of the Control of t		

# World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income (dollars and shares in thousands) (unaudited)

					A	Accumulated			
	<b>a</b>	~		 dditional	_	Other			
	Commo			Paid - in	Co	omprehensive		Retained	
	Shares	Am	ount	Capital		Income	I	Earnings	Total
Balance, December 31, 2009	73,404	\$	734	\$ 326,008	\$	2,377	\$	7,902	\$ 337,021
Comprehensive income:									
Net income	-		-	-		-		24,737	24,737
Translation adjustment			-	-		8		-	8
Unrealized holding loss, net of tax	-					(87)			(87)
Reclassification adjustment for gains									
realized in net income, net of tax						(32)			(32)
Total comprehensive income									24,626
Stock issuances, net	44		1	242		-		-	243
Exercise of stock options	43		-	553					553
Excess tax benefits from stock based									
payment arrangements	-		-	157		-		-	157
Dividends paid	-		-	466		-		(21,173)	(20,707)
Stock compensation costs	-		-	2,347		-		-	2,347
Balance, March 31, 2010	73,491	\$	735	\$ 329,773	\$	2,266	\$	11,466	\$ 344,240

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### 1. Basis of Presentation and Business Description

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc., and our subsidiaries. "WWE" refers to World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. References to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to WWE and its subsidiaries. We are an integrated media and entertainment company, principally engaged in the development, production and marketing of television and pay-per-view event programming and live events and the licensing and sale of consumer products featuring our World Wrestling Entertainment brands. Our operations are organized around four principal activities:

#### **Live and Televised Entertainment**

• Revenues consist principally of ticket sales to live events, sales of merchandise at these live events, television rights fees, sales of television advertising and sponsorships, and fees for viewing our pay-per-view and video on demand programming.

#### **Consumer Products**

• Revenues consist principally of the direct sales of WWE produced home videos and magazine publishing and royalties or license fees related to various WWE themed products such as video games, toys and books.

#### **Digital Media**

• Revenues consist principally of advertising sales on our websites, sale of merchandise on our website through our WWEShop internet storefront and sales of various broadband and mobile content.

#### WWE Studios

• Revenues consist of receipts from the distribution of filmed entertainment featuring our Superstars. To date, we have partnered with major studios to distribute our productions. We have recently announced plans to self-distribute our future filmed entertainment productions beginning with our next release, currently scheduled for September 2010.

All intercompany balances are eliminated in consolidation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented have been included. The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. Effective April 1, 2009, as a result of reconsidering contract elements of certain international live event contracts, the accounting treatment for these transactions was changed prospectively to reflect these transactions on a gross basis pursuant to the authoritative literature regarding gross vs. net revenue reporting. Previously, these contracts were incorrectly reported on a net basis pursuant to the same authoritative literature. The impact of the accounting of these contracts prior to April 1, 2009 was not material to any of the periods presented, and therefore, the periods have not been adjusted.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted from these interim financial statements; these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued amendments to the accounting standards related to the disclosures about an entity's use of fair value measurements. Among these amendments, entities will be required to provide enhanced disclosures about transfers into and out of the Level 1 (fair value determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities) and Level 2 (fair value determined based on significant other observable inputs) classifications, provide separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements relating to the tabular reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of the Level 3 (fair value determined based on significant unobservable inputs) classification and provide greater disaggregation for each class of assets and liabilities that use fair value measurements. Except for the detailed Level 3 roll-forward disclosures, the new standard is effective for the Company for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2009. The adoption of this accounting standards amendment did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The requirement to provide detailed disclosures about the purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the roll-forward activity for Level 3 fair value measurements is effective for the Company for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2010. The Company does not expect that the adoption of these new disclosure requirements will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2010, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting standards related to the accounting for, and disclosure of, subsequent events in an entity's consolidated financial statements. This standard amends the authoritative guidance for subsequent events that was previously issued and among other things exempts Securities and Exchange Commission registrants from the requirement to disclose the date through which it has evaluated subsequent events for either original or restated financial statements. This standard does not apply to subsequent events or transactions that are within the scope of other applicable GAAP that provides different guidance on the accounting treatment for subsequent events or transactions. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Share Based Compensation

Compensation expense relating to grants of performance stock units (PSUs) and restricted stock units (RSUs) are recognized over the period during which the employee rendered service to the Company necessary to earn the award. Stock based compensation cost was approximately \$2,347 and \$1,132 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

During 2009, we granted approximately 586,500 PSUs under our 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan ("Plan") at a weighted average price per share of \$9.91. Based on the financial results for the year ended December 31, 2009, approximately 765,000 PSUs were ultimately issued in 2010 related to this grant at an average price per share of \$16.07.

During the quarter, we granted 422,250 PSUs as part of the Plan at a weighted average price per share of \$17.01. This grant is subject to the Company achieving established earnings targets for the financial results of the year ending December 31, 2010. Total compensation cost related to these PSUs, based on the estimated value of the units on the issuance date, net of estimated forfeitures, is \$6,608. The compensation is being amortized over the service period, which is approximately three and one-half years. If these goals are met, the shares issued will vest in equal annual installments. At March 31, 2010, an aggregate of 1,553,958 PSUs were unvested for all PSU grants with a weighted average fair value of \$15.52 per share.

During the quarter, we granted 2,500 RSUs under the Plan at a weighted average grant date fair value of \$15.94 per share. Total compensation cost related to these grants, net of estimated forfeitures, is \$37. The compensation is being amortized over the service period, which is approximately three years. At March 31, 2010, 188,442 RSUs were unvested with a weighted average fair value of \$14.44 per share.

#### 3. Stockholders' Equity

Beginning in February 2008, the Board of Directors authorized an increase in the quarterly cash dividend to \$0.36 per share on all Class A common shares not held by the McMahon family. At that time, the McMahon family and their trusts entered into an agreement with the Company to waive the increased portion of the dividend for all shares of Class A and Class B common stock beneficially held by the family for a period of three years, subject to early termination in the event of Vincent K. McMahon's death. Instead, they continue to receive a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.24 per share. Any new dividend waiver is subject to the agreement of members of the McMahon family and their receipt of the approval of the Internal Revenue Service. We paid cash dividends of \$20,707 and \$20,454 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009, respectively.

#### 4. Earnings Per Share

For purposes of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share, we used the following weighted average common shares outstanding:

	Three mor	nths ended
	March 31,	March 31,
	2010	2009
Basic		
Class A	26,517,262	25,762,676
Class B	47,713,563	47,713,563
Diluted		
Class A	27,505,345	26,185,435
Class B	47,713,563	47,713,563
Dilutive effect of outstanding options and		
restricted stock units	988,083	421,668
Anti-dilutive outstanding options	-	644,346

Net income per share of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock is computed in accordance with a two- class method of earnings allocation. Any undistributed earnings for each period are allocated to each class of common stock based on the proportionate share of the amount of cash dividends that each class is entitled to receive.

Earnings per share information is as follows:

	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009
Basic		
Class A	\$ 0.42	=
Class B	\$ 0.29	-
Total	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.14
Diluted		
Class A	\$ 0.41	-
Class B	\$ 0.29	-
Total	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.14

As there were no undistributed earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2009, Class A and Class B earnings per share were not calculated separately.

#### 5. Segment Information

We do not allocate corporate overhead to each of the segments, and as a result, corporate overhead is a reconciling item in the table below. There are no inter-segment revenues. Revenues derived from sales outside of North America were approximately \$31,779 and \$23,960 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009, respectively. Revenues generated in the United Kingdom, our largest international market, were approximately \$7,958 and \$6,931 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009, respectively. Unallocated assets consist primarily of cash, short-term investments, real property and other investments.

		Three months ended			
	March 31,		March 31,		
		2010		2009	
Net revenues:					
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$	98,223	\$	64,082	
Consumer Products		30,746		33,069	
Digital Media		6,396		6,929	
WWE Studios		3,360		3,745	
Total net revenues	\$	138,725	\$	107,825	
		Three mo	nths	ended	
	N	Iarch 31,	M	arch 31,	
		2010		2009	
Depreciation and amortization:					
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$	298	\$	1,902	
Consumer Products		62		337	
Digital Media		287		273	
WWE Studios		_			
Corporate		1,192		1,271	
		1,839	\$	3,783	

		Three months ended				
	N	March 31,		arch 31,		
		2010		2009		
Operating income:						
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$	39,207	\$	21,390		
Consumer Products		17,336		19,530		
Digital Media		986		1,143		
WWE Studios		1,426		1,782		
Corporate		(21,633)		(27,097)		
Total operating income	\$	37,322	\$	16,748		

		As of				
	M	March 31,		ember 31,		
		2010		2009		
Assets:						
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$	142,977	\$	141,915		
Consumer Products		18,615		21,521		
Digital Media		6,264		7,111		
WWE Studios		52,433		43,186		
Unallocated		246,858		226,888		
Total assets	\$	467,147	\$	440,621		

#### 6. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

		As of				
	N	Iarch 31,	De	cember 31,		
		2010		2009		
Land, buildings and improvements	\$	74,060	\$	74,363		
Equipment		66,167		67,527		
Corporate aircraft		20,859		20,858		
Vehicles		537		537		
		161,623		163,285		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(80,406)		(78,909)		
Total	\$	81,217	\$	84,376		

During 2010 we received tax credits relating to our infrastructure improvements in conjunction with our transition to high definition broadcasting. The credits were realized at \$4,202 and were recorded as a reduction of the related assets.

Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment was \$1,777 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$3,429 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. Depreciation expense in the current quarter reflected a one-time benefit of \$1,674 from the recognition of an infrastructure tax credit.

#### 7. Feature Film Production Assets

Feature film production assets are summarized as follows:

		As of					
	March 31, 2010		Dec	ember 31, 2009			
Feature film productions:							
In release	\$	26,494	\$	27,772			
Completed but not released		11,672		-			
In production		4,160		8,473			
In development		826		808			
Total	\$	43,152	\$	37,053			

There were no feature film releases in the current quarter. In the prior year quarter we released one theatrical film, 12 Rounds, and one Direct-to-DVD film, Behind Enemy Lines: Colombia. 12 Rounds comprises \$19,667 of our "In release" feature film assets, and Behind Enemy Lines: Colombia comprises \$1,804 of "In release" feature film assets.

Feature film production assets are recorded net of the associated benefit of production incentives. During the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, we received \$0 and \$4,289, respectively, of production incentives from domestic and international feature film production activities.

Unamortized feature film production assets are evaluated for impairment each reporting period. If the estimated revenue is not sufficient to recover the unamortized asset, the asset will be written down to fair value. As of March 31, 2010, we do not believe any capitalized assets included in Feature Film Production Assets are impaired.

Approximately 40% of "In release" film production assets are estimated to be amortized over the next 12 months and approximately 80% of "In release" film production assets are estimated to be amortized over the next three years.

We also have capitalized certain script development costs for various other film projects. Capitalized script development costs are evaluated at each reporting period for impairment and are expensed when a project is deemed to be abandoned. During the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, we did not expense any previously capitalized development costs related to abandoned projects.

### 8. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of acquired sports entertainment film libraries, trademarks and trade names. We have classified these costs as intangible assets and amortize them over the period of the expected revenues to be derived from these assets, generally from three to six years. The net carrying amount of our intangibles assets were \$273 and \$276 as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

Amortization expense was \$62 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$354 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. Estimated future amortization expense is \$140, \$91 and \$42 for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively.

#### 9. Investment Securities and Short-Term Investments

Investment securities and short-term investments as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 consisted of the following:

		March 31, 2010 Unrealized				
			F	Holding		
	$\mathbf{A}$	nortized G		Gain		Fair
	Cost		(Loss)		Value	
Student loan auction rate securities	\$	24,400	\$	(2,120)	\$	22,280
Municipal bonds		59,611		347		59,958
Government agency bonds		20,000		8		20,008
Corporate bonds		10,119		27		10,146
Total	\$	114,130	\$	(1,738)	\$	112,392

		<b>December 31, 2009</b>				
			Ur	realized		
			H	Iolding		
	Amor	tized	Gain (Loss)			Fair
	Co	st			Value	
Student loan auction rate securities	\$ 2	4,400	\$	(2,030)	\$	22,370
Municipal bonds	4	8,108		427		48,535
Corporate bonds		9,849		56		9,905
Total	\$ 8	2,357	\$	(1,547)	\$	80,810

In February, 2008, we started to experience difficulty in selling our investments in auction rate securities ("ARS") due to multiple failures of the auction mechanism that provided liquidity to these investments. All of our ARS are collateralized by student loan portfolios (substantially all of which are guaranteed by the United States Government). The securities for which the auctions have failed will continue to accrue interest and pay interest when due; to-date, none of the ARS in which we are invested has failed to make an interest payment when due. Our ARS will continue to be auctioned at each respective reset date until the auction succeeds, the issuer redeems the securities or they mature (the stated maturities of the securities are greater than 20 years). As we maintain a strong liquidity position, we have no intent to sell the securities. We believe that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the securities before recovery of their anticipated amortized cost basis.

As of March 31, 2010, we recorded a cumulative adjustment to reduce the fair value of our investment in ARS of \$2,120, which is reflected as part of accumulated other comprehensive income in our Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income. We do not feel that the fair value adjustment is other-than-temporary at this time due to the high underlying creditworthiness of the issuer (including the backing of the loans comprising the collateral package by the United States Government), our intent not to sell the securities and our belief that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the securities before recovery of their anticipated amortized cost basis.

#### 10. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is determined based on the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement based on assumptions that "market participants" would use to price the asset or liability. Accordingly, the framework considers markets or observable inputs as the preferred source of value followed by assumptions based on hypothetical transactions, in the absence of market inputs. The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity. In addition, the fair value of assets and liabilities should include consideration of non-performance risk including the Company's own credit risk.

Additionally, the guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy that ranks the quality and reliability of information used in developing fair value estimates. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data. In cases where two or more levels of inputs are used to determine fair value, a financial instrument's level is determined based on the lowest level input that is considered significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are summarized as follows:

- Level 1- quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2- quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability; or
- Level 3- unobservable inputs, such as discounted cash flow models or valuations

The following assets are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the classification within the hierarchy as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, was as follows:

			Sig	nificant				
				Other		Significant		
	<b>Quoted Market</b>	,	Ob	servable	U	nobservable	Fa	ir Value at
	<b>Prices in Active</b>	;	]	Inputs		Inputs	N	Iarch 31,
	Markets (Level 1	l)	(I	Level 2)		(Level 3)		2010
Municipal bonds	\$	-	\$	59,958	\$	-	\$	59,958
Auction rate securities		-		-		22,280		22,280
Government agency bonds		-		20,008		-		20,008
Corporate bonds		-		10,146		-		10,146
Other		-		173		-		173
Total	\$	-	\$	90,285	\$	22,280	\$	112,565

	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1	e	Ob:	nificant Other servable nputs evel 2)	Ur	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	ir Value at cember 31, 2009
Municipal bonds	\$	-	\$	48,535	\$	-	\$ 48,535
Auction rate securities		-		-		22,370	22,370
Corporate bonds		-		9,905		-	9,905
Other		-		77		-	77
Total	\$	-	\$	58,517	\$	22,370	\$ 80,887

Certain financial instruments are carried at cost on the consolidated balance sheets, which approximates fair value due to their short-term, highly liquid nature. The carrying amounts of cash, cash equivalents, money market accounts, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of such instruments. Our short-term investments are carried at fair value.

We have classified our investment in ARS within Level 3. Starting in February 2008, we experienced difficulty selling our investment in ARS due to multiple failures of the auction mechanism that provided liquidity to these investments. The securities have been classified within Level 3 as their valuation requires substantial judgment and estimation of factors that are not currently observable in the market due to the lack of trading in the securities. The fair value of the ARS, as consistent with prior periods, was estimated through discounted cash flow models, which consider, among other things, the timing of expected future successful auctions, collateralization of underlying security investments and the risk of default by the issuer. We will continue to assess the carrying value of our ARS on each reporting date, based on the facts and circumstances surrounding our liquidity needs and developments in the ARS markets.

The table below includes a roll forward of our Level 3 assets (ARS) from January 1, 2010 to March 31, 2010 and January 1, 2009 to March 31, 2009, respectively.

	Significant Unobservab Inputs		Unobse	ficant ervabl outs
	(Level 3)		-	vel 3)
Fair value January 1, 2010	\$ 22,37	Fair value January 1, 2009	\$	22,299
Purchases		- Purchases		
Redemptions/Proceeds		- Redemptions/Proceeds		-
Transfers in		- Transfers in		-
Realized gain		- Realized gain		-
Unrealized loss	(9	0) Unrealized loss		(7
Fair value March 31, 2010	\$ 22,28	Fair value March 31, 2009	\$	22,292

#### 11. Concentration of Credit Risk

Our accounts receivable represent a significant portion of our current assets and relate principally to a limited number of customers, including television, pay-per-view and home video distributors. Over the past several months, we have experienced a general slowing in payments from several of these partners. The Company closely monitors the status of receivables with our customers and maintains allowances for anticipated losses as deemed appropriate. Our total allowance for doubtful accounts balance was \$10,252 as of March 31, 2010 and \$11,926 as of December 31, 2009.

#### 12. Film and Television Production Incentives

The Company has access to various governmental programs that are designed to promote film and television production within the United States and certain international jurisdictions. Tax credits earned with respect to expenditures on qualifying film, television and other production activities, including qualifying capital projects, are included as an offset to the related asset or as an offset to production expenses when we have reasonable assurance regarding the realizable amount of the tax credits.

#### 13. Income Taxes

At March 31, 2010, we have \$9,172 of unrecognized tax benefits, which if recognized, would affect our effective tax rate.

We recognize potential accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. We have approximately \$1,827 of accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as of March 31, 2010.

We file income tax returns in the United States, various states and various foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, we are subject to income tax examinations by tax authorities for years on or after April 30, 2006.

Based upon the expiration of statutes of limitations and possible settlements in several jurisdictions, we believe it is reasonably possible that the total amount of previously unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by approximately \$631 within 12 months of March 31, 2010.

#### 14. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Legal Proceedings

World Wide Fund for Nature

There has been no significant development in this legal proceeding subsequent to the disclosure in Note 13 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

THQ/Jakks.

There has been no significant development in this legal proceeding subsequent to the disclosure in Note 13 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

IPO Class Action

There has been no significant development in this legal proceeding subsequent to the disclosure in Note 13 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### Other Matters

We are not currently a party to any other material legal proceedings. However, we are involved in several other suits and claims in the ordinary course of business, the outcome of which is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or liquidity. We may from time to time become a party to other legal proceedings.

#### 15. Comprehensive Income

The following table presents the comprehensive income for the current and prior year quarters.

		As		
	M	March 31,		larch 31,
		2010		2009
Net income	\$	24,737	\$	10,322
Translation adjustment		8		(162)
Unrealized holding (loss) gain, net of tax		(87)		432
Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income, net of tax		(32)		-
Total comprehensive income	\$	24,626	\$	10,592

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **Background**

The following analysis outlines all material activities contained within each of our business segments.

#### **Live and Televised Entertainment**

• Revenues consist principally of ticket sales to live events, sales of merchandise at these live events, television rights fees, sales of television advertising and sponsorships, and fees for viewing our pay-per-view and video on demand programming.

#### **Consumer Products**

• Revenues consist principally of direct sales of WWE produced home videos and magazine publishing and royalties or license fees related to various WWE themed products such as video games, toys and books.

#### **Digital Media**

• Revenues consist principally of advertising sales on our websites, sale of merchandise on our website through our WWEShop internet storefront and sales of various broadband and mobile content.

#### **WWE Studios**

• Revenues consist of receipts from the distribution of filmed entertainment featuring our Superstars. To date, we have partnered with major studios to distribute our productions. We have recently announced plans to self-distribute our future filmed entertainment productions beginning with our next release, currently scheduled for September 2010.

#### **Results of Operations**

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 (Dollars in millions, except as noted)

#### **Summary**

	March 3	<b>l,</b> ]	March 31,	better
Net Revenues:	2010		2009	(worse)
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$ 98	2	\$ 64.1	53%
Consumer Products	30	7	33.1	(7%)
Digital Media	6	4	6.9	(7%)
WWE Studios	3	4	3.7	(8%)
Total	\$ 138	7	\$ 107.8	29%

	March 31,	March 31,	better	
Cost of Revenues:	2010	2009	(worse)	
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$ 56.8	\$ 38.3	(48%)	
Consumer Products	12.0	12.2	2%	
Digital Media	3.6	4.3	16%	
WWE Studios	1.3	1.6	19%	
Total	\$ 73.7	\$ 56.4	(31%)	
Profit contribution margin	47%	48%		

	$\mathbf{M}$	larch 31,	Ma	arch 31,	better
Operating Income:		2010		2009	(worse)
Live and Televised Entertainment	\$	39.2	\$	21.4	83%
Consumer Products		17.3		19.5	(11%)
Digital Media		1.0		1.1	(9%)
WWE Studios		1.4		1.8	(22%)
Corporate		(21.6)		(27.1)	20%
Total operating income	\$	37.3	\$	16.7	123%
Net income	\$	24.7	\$	10.3	140%

Our comparative results were significantly impacted by the timing of our annual *WrestleMania* pay-per-view event. In 2010, *WrestleMania XXVI* occurred on March 28th and consequently is included in our first quarter financial results. In 2009, *WrestleMania XXV* occurred on April 5, 2009 and was included in our second quarter financial results. *WrestleMania XXVI* contributed approximately \$28.8 million of revenues and \$13.1 million of profit contribution (\$8.8 million, net of tax) to our results in the current quarter.

Our Live and Televised Entertainment segment revenues increased primarily due to a \$28.5 million timing difference for *WrestleMania* discussed previously. Our Consumer Products segment reflected a 17% decrease in home video revenue, reflecting a decline in sales of new release titles as compared to the prior year quarter and lower sell-through at retail. The decrease in revenues for our Digital Media segment reflects a 21% decline in web advertising revenues and a 45% decrease in wireless revenue. WWE Studios revenue primarily reflects amounts earned from our previously released films, *The Marine*, *See No Evil*, *The Condemned* and *Behind Enemy Lines: Colombia* and vary based upon the receipt of participation statements from our distribution partners.

The following chart reflects comparative revenues and key drivers for each of the businesses within our Live and Televised Entertainment segment:

Live and Televised Entertainment Revenues	N	March 31, 2010		1, March 31, 2009		
Live events	\$	26.0	\$	18.0	44%	
Number of North American events		71		83	(14%)	
Average North American attendance		8,100		6,100	33%	
Average North American ticket price (dollars)	\$	38.64	\$	33.54	15%	
Number of international events		4		4	-	
Average international attendance		11,300		9,300	22%	
Average international ticket price (dollars)	\$	51.37		N/A	N/A	
Venue merchandise	\$	6.5	\$	4.6	41%	
Domestic per capita spending (dollars)	\$	10.33	\$	9.29	11%	
Pay-per-view	\$	32.4	\$	13.6	138%	
Number of pay-per-view events		3		2	50%	
Number of buys from pay-per-view events		1,592,200		818,400	95%	
Average revenue per buy (dollars)	\$	19.38	\$	15.75	23%	
Domestic retail price WrestleMania (dollars)	\$	54.95		N/A	N/A	
Domestic retail price (dollars)	\$	44.95	\$	39.95	13%	
Television rights fees	\$	29.4	\$	24.9	18%	
Domestic	\$	18.4	\$	15.6	18%	
International	\$	11.0	\$	9.3	18%	
Television advertising	\$	1.4	\$	1.4	-	
WWE Classics on Demand	\$	1.3	\$	1.5	(13%)	
Other	\$	1.2	\$	0.1	N/A	
Total live and televised entertainment	\$	98.2	\$	64.1	53%	
Ratings						
Average weekly household ratings for Raw		3.8		3.8	-	
Average weekly household ratings for SmackDown		2.1		2.2	(5%)	
Average weekly household ratings for ECW		1.1		1.4	(21%)	
Average weekly household ratings for WWE NXT		1.1		N/A	N/A	
Average weekly household ratings for WWE Superstars		1.3		N/A	N/A	
Cost of Revenues-Live and Televised Entertainment	I	March 31, 2010	N	Iarch 31, 2009	better (worse)	
Live events	\$	16.2	\$	12.3	(32%)	
Venue merchandise		4.1		2.9	(41%)	
Pay-per-view		15.4		5.0	(208%)	
Television		16.9		16.6	(2%)	
Television advertising		0.4		0.1	(300%)	
WWE Classics on Demand		0.3		0.3	- (50070)	
Other		3.5		1.1	(218%)	
Total	\$	56.8	\$	38.3	(48%)	
	<u> </u>		φ		(48%)	
Profit contribution margin		42%		40%		

Live events revenues increased primarily due to the impact of our annual *WrestleMania* event, which occurred in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the second quarter in 2009. Average attendance at our North American events was approximately 8,100 in the current quarter as compared to 6,100 in the prior year. The average ticket price for North American events was \$38.64 in the current quarter as compared to \$33.54 in the prior year. The profit contribution margin for live events was 38% as compared to 32% in the prior year quarter, with the current quarter reflecting the impact of *WrestleMania*. Excluding the impact of *WrestleMania* in the current quarter, North American average attendance and ticket price was 7,300 and \$32.47, respectively, and the profit contribution margin was 47%. In the prior year quarter, four of the international events performed were recorded as buy-out deals. Subsequently, it was determined that these events should have been recorded on a gross basis instead of a net basis. Had these events been recorded on a gross basis, revenues and expenses would have each increased by approximately \$1.3 million, with no change to profit. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Venue merchandise revenues increased 41% from the prior year quarter primarily due to a 11% increase in per capita spending by our fans. In the current quarter, revenues from our *WrestleMania* event contributed approximately \$1.6 million, or 25%, of the quarterly venue merchandise revenue. The profit contribution margin decreased from 38% to 37% in the current quarter due to the mix of products sold at venues.

Pay-per-view revenues increased \$18.8 million in the current quarter, which primarily reflects the impact of *WrestleMania XXVI*. WrestleMania XXVI generated approximately 0.9 million buys in the current quarter, or approximately \$19.0 million in pay-per-view related revenues. Pay-per-view buys for the two events that occurred in both 2010 and 2009 increased approximately 3% in the current quarter. Beginning in January 2010, the domestic suggested retail price for non- *WrestleMania* pay-per-view events was increased to \$44.95. Pay-per-view profit contribution margin was 52% for the current quarter, as compared to 63% in the prior year quarter, reflecting the increased production costs associated with *WrestleMania XXVI*.

Television rights fees reflects rate increases both in domestic and international markets as well as the addition of our new domestic show, WWE Superstars, on WGN, which began airing in April 2009. WWE NXT replaced our ECW television program beginning in February 2010. Television cost of revenues has declined based upon cost containment improvements for our televised events. The profit contribution margin increased from 33% to 42% in the current quarter.

The following chart reflects comparative revenues and certain drivers for selected businesses within our Consumer Products segment:

Consumer Products Revenues	March 31, 2010		N	March 31, 2009	better (worse)	
Licensing	\$	19.9	\$	19.8	1%	
Magazine publishing	\$	2.8	\$	3.5	(20%)	
Net units sold		985,100		1,066,400	(8%)	
Home video	\$	7.6	\$	9.2	(17%)	
Gross units shipped		813,000		912,000	(11%)	
Other	\$	0.4	\$	0.6	(33%)	
Total	\$	30.7 \$		33.1	(7%)	

	Mai	March 31,				
<b>Cost of Revenues-Consumer Products</b>	2	010		2009	(worse)	
Licensing	\$	5.1	\$	5.1	-	
Magazine publishing		2.7		2.7	-	
Home video		3.8		3.8	-	
Other		0.4		0.6	33%	
Total	\$	12.0	\$	12.2	2%	
Profit contribution margin		61%		63%		

Licensing revenues increased by 1% in the current quarter, reflecting higher royalties earned on the sales of toys and novelties of \$1.1 million, offset by lower royalties earned on the sales of videogames of approximately \$1.0 million. Our new multi-year toy agreement with Mattel began on January 1, 2010. Licensing cost of revenues is essentially unchanged from the prior year quarter.

Magazine publishing revenues declined based on lower sell-through rates. Magazine publishing cost of revenues is essentially unchanged, as compared to the prior year.

Home video revenues decreased by 17% in the current quarter, based on the performance of our new release titles and lower sell-through at retail. Home video cost of revenues is essentially unchanged from the prior year quarter. Profit contribution margin was 50% in the current period as compared to 58% in the prior year quarter, reflecting increased distribution and fulfillment fees per video sold and lower sell-through at retail.

The following chart provides performance results and certain drivers for our Digital Media segment:

Digital Media Revenues	March 3 2010	1, M	arch 31, 2009	better (worse)
WWE.com	\$ 3.	4 \$	3.9	(13%)
WWEShop	3.	)	3.0	-
Average revenues per order (dollars)	\$ 47.7	7 \$	49.63	(4%)
Total	\$ 6.	4 \$	6.9	(7%)
Cost of Revenues-Digital Media	March 3 2010	<i>'</i>		better (worse)
WWE.com	\$ 1.	5 \$	2.2	32%
WWEShop	2.	1	2.1	-
Total	\$ 3.	6 \$	4.3	16%
Profit contribution margin		44% 38%		

WWE.com revenues decreased primarily due to declines in advertising sold on our website and wireless revenue. The decrease in WWE.com cost of revenues reflects lower support costs to operate our various web-based activities.

WWEShop revenues were essentially unchanged from the prior year quarter. The number of orders processed increased 3% to approximately 62,000, which was offset by a 4% decline in the average amount spent by customers per order to \$47.77.

#### **WWE Studios**

WWE Studios has released four feature films: See No Evil, The Marine, The Condemned and 12 Rounds and two direct-to-DVD films, Behind Enemy Lines: Columbia and The Marine 2. We recorded revenue of approximately \$3.4 million in the current quarter related to our prior theatrical releases as compared to \$3.7 million in the prior year quarter. We participate in revenues generated under the distribution of the films through all media after the print and advertising and distribution costs incurred by our distributors have been recouped and the results have been reported to us.

We have announced our plan to self-distribute our future filmed entertainment productions beginning with our next release, currently scheduled for September 2010.

#### Selling, General and Administrative

The following chart reflects the amounts and percent change of certain significant overhead items:

	March 2016	ŕ	March 31, 2009	better (worse)
Staff related	\$ 13	.5 \$	6 16.0	16%
Legal, accounting and other professional	1	.3	3.9	67%
Stock compensation costs	2	.3	1.1	(109%)
Advertising and promotion	1	.2	1.3	8%
Bad debt	(1	.5)	0.5	400%
All other	9	.1	8.1	12%
Total SG&A	\$ 25	.9 \$	30.9	16%
SG&A as a percentage of net revenues		19%	29%	

The decrease in staff related expenses reflects the impact of our corporate restructuring of approximately \$2.2 million in severance related costs in the prior year quarter. The decrease in legal, accounting and other professional fees in the current quarter reflects a decline in legal case activity. Bad debt expense reflects the receipt of amounts due from customers that were previously reserved. Stock compensation costs in the current quarter increased due to the additional number of shares ultimately issued in the 2009 PSU grant as compared to the 2008 PSU grant.

	Ma	March 31,		arch 31,	better
	2	2010		2009	(worse)
Depreciation and amortization	\$	\$ 1.8		3.8	53%

The decrease reflects a \$1.7 million benefit from the recognition of an infrastructure tax credit received in the current quarter.

Investment income	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.6	(17%)

The decline in investment income reflects lower interest rates on investment balances.

Other expense, net	\$ (1.0)	\$ (1.3)	23%

Other expense, net includes the revaluation of warrants held in certain licensees and realized foreign exchange gains and losses.

	March 31,	March 31, 2009		
	2010			
Provision for income taxes	\$ 12.0	\$	5.6	
Effective tax rate	33%		35%	

The effective tax rate in the quarter was primarily driven by an increase in IRC Section 199 benefits relating to qualified domestic production deductions

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash flows from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 were \$38.0 million and \$47.3 million, respectively. Working capital, consisting of current assets less current liabilities, was \$223.0 million as of March 31, 2010 and \$222.7 million as of December 31, 2009.

We receive production tax credits or refunds through various governmental programs designed to promote film and television production within the United States and international jurisdictions. We anticipate receiving approximately \$8.0 to \$12.0 million in production credits within the next twelve months. The timing and realizable amount of credits is impacted by our production schedule and limitations associated with monetization of the credits.

Our accounts receivable represent a significant portion of our current assets and relate principally to a limited number of customers or distributors. Changes in the financial condition or operations of our distributors or customers may result in increased delayed payments or non-payments which would adversely impact our cash flows from operating activities and/or our results of operations.

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$31.7 million for three months ended March 31, 2010 and \$11.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2010 were \$2.8 million as compared to \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. We received an infrastructure tax credit for approximately \$4.1 million in the current quarter that more than offset our capital spend of \$2.8 million. Capital expenditures for the remainder of 2010 are estimated to range between \$9.0 million and \$11.0 million, primarily reflecting additional purchases of broadcasting equipment and building related improvements.

Our investment policy is designed to preserve capital and minimize interest rate, credit and market risk. In February 2008, we started to experience difficulty in selling our ARS due to multiple failures of the auction mechanism that provides liquidity to these investments. All of our ARS are collateralized by student loan portfolios, substantially all of which are guaranteed by the United States Government. We anticipate that the securities for which the auctions have failed will continue to accrue interest and pay interest when due; to-date, none of the ARS in which we are invested have failed to make an interest payment when due. Our ARS will continue to be auctioned every 35 days until the auctions succeed, the issuer redeems the securities or they mature (the stated maturities of the securities are greater than 20 years). As we maintain a strong liquidity position, our intent is not to sell the security and we believe that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell until one of the aforementioned remedies occurs.

As of March 31, 2010, we have recorded a cumulative adjustment of approximately \$2.1 million to reduce the fair value of our investment in ARS, which has been reflected as part of accumulated other comprehensive income in our Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income. We do not believe that the fair market value adjustment is other-than-temporary at this time due to the high underlying creditworthiness of the issuer (including the backing of the loans included in the collateral package by the United States Government), our intent not to sell the securities and our determination that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the securities before recovery of their anticipated amortized cost basis. The fair value of the ARS was estimated through discounted cash flow models, which consider, among other things, the timing of expected future successful auctions, collateralization of underlying security investments and the risk of default by the issuer. We will continue to assess the carrying value of our ARS on each reporting date, based on the facts and circumstances surrounding our liquidity needs and developments in the ARS markets.

Cash flows used in financing activities were \$19.8 million and \$20.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009, respectively. Total dividend payments on all Class A and Class B common shares in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 were approximately \$20.7 million as compared to \$20.5 million in the prior year three-month period ended March 31, 2009. Assuming the continuation of these cash dividend rates of \$0.36 and \$0.24 per share of Class A and Class B shares, respectively, and the same stock ownership, the estimated amount of dividends to be paid during the remainder of 2010 is estimated to be approximately \$62.2 million.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

In addition to long-term debt, we have entered into various other contracts under which we are required to make guaranteed payments, including:

- Various operating leases for office space and equipment.
- Employment contract with Vincent K. McMahon, which runs through October 2011, with annual renewals thereafter if not terminated by us or Mr. McMahon, as well as a talent contract with Mr. McMahon that is coterminous with his employment contract. Mr. McMahon waives all of his compensation under theses agreements, except for a salary of \$850,000 per year.
- Other employment contracts, which are generally for one-to three-year terms.
- Service contracts with certain of our independent contractors, including our talent, which are generally for one-to four-year terms.

Our aggregate minimum payment obligations under these contracts as of March 31, 2010, assuming the continued waiver of compensation by Mr. McMahon (except for the annual salary of \$850,000, noted above), were as follows:

Payments due by period

	(\$ in millions)									
							A	fter		
	2	2010	2011	1 - 2012	201	3 - 2014	2	2014	T	Total
Long-term debt (including interest thereon)	\$	1.0	\$	2.7	\$	0.4	\$	-	\$	4.1
Operating leases		1.8		3.4		2.7		3.2		11.1
Talent, employment agreements and other										
commitments		12.8		10.4		5.4		3.7		32.3
Total commitments	\$	15.6	\$	16.5	\$	8.5	\$	6.9	\$	47.5

We believe that cash generated from operations and our existing cash and short-term investment securities will be sufficient to meet our cash needs over the next twelve months for working capital, capital expenditures and the payment of quarterly dividends.

#### **Application of Critical Accounting Policies**

There have been no additional changes to our accounting policies that were previously disclosed in our Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 or in the methodology used in formulating these significant judgments and estimates that affect the application of these policies. Amounts included in our consolidated balance sheets in accounts that we have identified as being subject to significant judgments and estimates were as follows:

	A	As of
	March 31, 2010	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
Pay-per-view accounts receivable	\$31.3 million	\$13.7 million
Feature film assets	\$43.2 million	\$37.1 million
Home video reserve for returns	\$5.2 million	\$5.5 million
Publishing newsstand reserve for returns	\$3.7 million	\$4.8 million
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$10.3 million	\$11.9 million
Accrued income taxes	\$13.6 million	\$(0.6) million

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There are no other accounting standards or interpretations that have been issued, but which we have not yet adopted, that we believe will have a material impact on our financial statements.

#### Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for certain statements that are forward-looking and are not based on historical facts. When used in this Report, the words "may," "will," "could," "anticipate," "plan," "continue," "project," "intend", "estimate", "believe", "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such words. These statements relate to our future plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and are not historical facts and accordingly involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results or the performance by us to be materially different from future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements made in this Report, in press releases and in oral statements made by our authorized officers: (i) our failure to maintain or renew key agreements could adversely affect our ability to distribute our television and pay-per-view programming; (ii) our failure to continue to develop creative and entertaining programs and events would likely lead to a decline in the popularity of our brand of entertainment; (iii) our failure to retain or continue to recruit key performers could lead to a decline in the appeal of our storylines and the popularity of our brand of entertainment; (iv) the loss of the creative services of Vincent K. McMahon could adversely affect our ability to create popular characters and creative storylines; (v) continued decline in general economic conditions and disruption in financial markets could adversely affect our business; (vi) our accounts receivable represent a significant portion of our current assets and relate principally to a limited number of distributors, increasing our exposure to bad debts and potentially impacting our results of operations; (vii) a decline in the popularity of our brand of sports entertainment, including as a result of changes in the social and political climate, could adversely affect our business; (viii) changes in the regulatory atmosphere and related private sector initiatives could adversely affect our business; (ix) the markets in which we operate are highly competitive, rapidly changing and increasingly fragmented, and we may not be able to compete effectively, especially against competitors with greater financial resources or marketplace presence; (x) we face uncertainties associated with international markets; (xi) we may be prohibited from promoting and conducting our live events if we do not comply with applicable regulations; (xii) because we depend upon our intellectual property rights, our inability to protect those rights, or our infringement of others' intellectual property rights, could adversely affect our business; (xiii) we could incur substantial liabilities if pending litigation is resolved unfavorably; (xiv) we could incur substantial liability in the event of accidents or injuries occurring during our physically demanding events; (xv) our live events schedule exposes us to risks inherent in large public events as well as travel to and from such events; (xvi) we continue to face risks inherent in our feature film business; (xvii) through his beneficial ownership of a substantial majority of our Class B common stock, our controlling stockholder, Vincent K. McMahon, can exercise control over our affairs, and his interests may conflict with the holders of our Class A common stock; (xviii) we could face a variety of risks if we expand into new or complementary businesses; (xix) a substantial number of shares are eligible for sale by Mr. McMahon and members of his family or trusts established for their benefit, and the sale, or the perception of possible sales, of those shares could lower our stock price; and (xx) our Class A common stock has a relatively small public "float". In addition, our dividend is significant and is dependent on a number of factors, including, among other things, our liquidity and historical and projected cash flow, strategic plan (including alternative uses of capital), our financial results and condition, contractual and legal restrictions on the payment of dividends, general economic and competitive conditions and such other factors as our Board of Directors may consider relevant including a waiver by the McMahon family of a portion of the dividends as described elsewhere in this Report. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Report and undue reliance should not be placed on these statements.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate, interest rate and equity price risks that could impact our results of operations. Our foreign currency exchange rate risk is minimized by maintaining minimal net assets and liabilities in currencies other than our functional currency.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

We are exposed to interest rate risk related to our debt and investment portfolio. Our debt consists of the mortgage related to our corporate headquarters, which has an annual interest rate of 7.6%. The fair value of this debt is not significantly different from its carrying amount.

Our investment portfolio consists of securities with a strong emphasis placed on preservation of capital. In an effort to minimize our exposure to interest rate risk, our investment portfolio's dollar weighted duration, excluding our long term auction rate securities, is less than one year. Due to the nature of our investments and our strategy to minimize market and interest rate risk, we believe that our portfolio would not be materially impacted by adverse fluctuations in interest rates.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

Under the direction of our Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based on that evaluation, our Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2010. No change in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2010, that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

See Note 14 to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

We do not believe that there have been any material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

# Item 6. Exhibits

# (a.) Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification by Vincent K. McMahon pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 31.2 Certification by George A. Barrios pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 32.1 Certification by Vincent K. McMahon and George A. Barrios pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).

# **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. (Registrant)

Dated: May 7, 2010 By: /s/ George A. Barrios

George A. Barrios

Chief Financial Officer

Certification required by Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 13a-14 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002:

- I, Vincent K. McMahon, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 7, 2010 By: /s/ Vincent K. McMahon

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer Certification required by Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 13a-14 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002:

- I, George A. Barrios, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 7, 2010

By: /s/ George A. Barrios

George A. Barrios

George A. Barrios Chief Financial Officer Certification of Chairman and CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

In connection with the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Vincent K. McMahon as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and George A. Barrios as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his or her knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material aspects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Vincent K. McMahon Vincent K. McMahon

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

May 7, 2010

By: /s/ George A. Barrios

George A. Barrios Chief Financial Officer

May 7, 2010